

The Qu'Appelle Progress.

Vol. III, No. 32.

QUAPPELLE, N. W. T., THURSDAY, JUNE 14, 1888.

Price Five Cents.

The Qu'Appelle Progress

Is Published every Thursday
At The Progress Printing Office, in the
Town of Qu'Appelle, Assiniboia, Canada.

Subscription price: \$1.00 per annum, in-
variably in advance; single copies 5 cents.
The rates for our advertising space by
contract are as follows:
One column 100 words 25 cents
Two columns 200 words 50 cents
Three columns 300 words 75 cents
Four columns 400 words 1.00
Five columns 500 words 1.25
Six columns 600 words 1.50
Seven columns 700 words 1.75
Eight columns 800 words 2.00
Nine columns 900 words 2.25
Ten columns 1000 words 2.50
Business cards \$1.00 per month payable
quarterly.

The above rates do not apply to auction
sales, entertainments, tenders, meetings,
legal notices, or anything of a transitory
nature. Transient advertisements, 10 cents
per line first insertion, 5 cents per line each
additional insertion. Yearly advertisements
allowed to be changed monthly, if offered
\$1.00 will be charged for each additional
change.

Business locals, 50 cents for first twenty-
five words, 2 cents for each additional word.
The publisher reserves the right to refuse
to insert advertisements of a questionable
or objectionable character.

Address, JAMES WEIDMAN,
Qu'Appelle Station, Assn.
E. J. WEIDMAN, Proprietor.

REGINA.

DAWSON, BOLE & Co.,
Wholesale Druggists, Regina, N. W. T.

Mortgage Sale

FARM LANDS IN DISTRICT OF
ASSINIBOIA, N. W. T.

UNDER POWER OF SALE contained
in a certain mortgage (which will be
produced at the time of sale) there will be
offered for sale by Public Auction, by E. A.
Banbury, Auctioneer, at "The Wolsley Hotel,"
in the town of Wolsley, in the N. W. T., on
Saturday, the 30th day of June, A.D. 1888,
at the hour of 3 o'clock, p.m.

The South-East 1/4 of Sec. 26 Township 15,
Range 9, west of the 1st Meridian, in the
District of Assiniboia, in the N. W. T., on
Saturday, the 30th day of June, A.D. 1888,
at the hour of 3 o'clock, p.m.

This farm contains 160 acres more or less,
of good farming land of which about 25 acres
have been cultivated and is situated about
8 miles south of Wolsley station on the
main line of the C. P. R.

The Vendors are informed that erected
thereon are frame house and log stable.

Further particulars, terms and conditions
of sale, made known on day of sale or on
application to Auctioneer or

ANDREWS, CARBERT & ANDREWS,
Vendors' Solicitors,
Winnipeg.

Dated at Winnipeg, June 1st, 1888.

Mortgage Sale

FARM LANDS IN DISTRICT OF
ASSINIBOIA, N. W. T.

UNDER POWER OF SALE contained
in a certain mortgage (which will be
produced at the time of sale) there will be
offered for sale by Public Auction, by E. A.
Banbury, Auctioneer, at the Wolsley Hotel,
in the town of Wolsley, in the N. W. T., on
Saturday, the 30th day of June, A.D. 1888,
at the hour of 3 o'clock, p.m.

The South-East 1/4 of Section 13, Town-
ship 19, Range 12, west of the Second Meridian,
in the District of Assiniboia, in the N. W. T.,
on Saturday, the 30th day of June, A.D. 1888,
at the hour of 3 o'clock, p.m.

This farm contains 148 acres more or less
of good farming land of which about 40
acres have been cultivated.

The Vendors are informed that erected
log house and stable.

Further particulars, terms and conditions
of sale made known on day of sale or on
application to Auctioneer or

ANDREWS, CARBERT & ANDREWS,
Vendors' Solicitors,
Winnipeg.

Dated at Winnipeg, 1st June, 1888.

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FARM LANDS IN DISTRICT OF
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Banbury, Auctioneer, at the Wolsley Hotel,
in the town of Wolsley, in the N. W. T., on
Saturday, the 30th day of June, A.D. 1888,
at the hour of 3 o'clock, p.m.

The South-East 1/4 of Sec. 22, Town-
ship 18, Range 11, West of the Second Meridian,
in the District of Assiniboia, in the N. W. T.,
on Saturday, the 30th day of June, A.D. 1888,
at the hour of 3 o'clock, p.m.

This farm contains 160 acres more or less,
of good farming land, of which about 20
acres have been cultivated.

The Vendors are informed that there-
on are frame house, log stable and granary.

Further particulars, terms and conditions
of sale made known on day of sale or on
application to Auctioneer or

ANDREWS, CARBERT & ANDREWS,
Vendors' Solicitors,
Winnipeg.

Dated at Winnipeg, 1st June, 1888.

Public Notice.

BY THE TRUSTEES of the School Dis-
trict of Katopew Protestant Public School
District, No. 116 of the North West
Territories.

Whereas it is deemed expedient by the
Trustees of the School District of
Katopew Protestant Public School District,
No. 116 of the North West Territories, that the
sum of FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS (\$400)
should be borrowed on the security of
debentures repayable to the holder in ten
equal consecutive annual instalments, from
the issue thereof, with interest at the rate of
eight per centum per annum, for the following
purpose, namely: for the erection of a
School House.

Therefore, notice is hereby given by the
Trustees of said District, that a poll will be
opened by the undersigned Chairman of the
said Trustees at the House of Mr. A. T. Mac-
Lellan, on Section 24, Township 19, Range 12,
in the North West Territories.

On Friday, the 29th day of
June, 1888,

At the hour of Ten o'clock, a.m., and will
continue open until 6 o'clock, p.m., of the
same day, when the votes of those duly
qualified to vote thereon will be taken for
or against raising the said sum of FOUR
HUNDRED DOLLARS (\$400) by way of a
loan on the security of the said School Dis-
trict as hereinafter set forth.

The qualification of voters is expressed in
the following oath which persons desiring to
vote must take if required:

"I, A. B., do solemnly swear I am a bona-
fide resident ratepayer of the School District
Katopew Protestant Public School Dis-
trict, No. 116 of the North West Territories;
that I am of the full age of twenty-one
years; that I am not an alien or un-
franchised Indian; that I have not before
voted at this election; and that I have not
received any reward either directly or indi-
rectly nor have I any hope of receiving any
reward for voting at this time and place.
So help me God."

Of which all persons interested are hereby
notified and are required to govern them-
selves accordingly.

Signed, R. SANDESON, Chairman,
A. T. MACLELLAN, Trustees.
A. KLYNE.

Dated at Katopew, this 7th day of June,
1888.

FOR SALE.

PARTIES REQUIRING
SHEEP, COWS OR HORSES.

Would do well by applying to
MILLER BROS.
Sec. 10, Tp. 16, R. 10.
Wolsley, March 14, 1888.

ICE CREAM

WHITING BROS.
BAKERS,
Pastry Cooks, Confectioners,
Caterers, and Fruit Dealers.
Wedding and Birthday Cake's
Made to Order.

All who suffer from indigestion should try
WHITING'S
WHOLE MEAL BREAD.

Our self-rising flour in 5 lbs. packets 25c

R. JOHNSTON,
DEALER IN

Agricultural Implements,
Barbed Wire,
Buggies, Buckboards,
WAGONS, ETC.

LIVERY,
Feed and Sale Stable
First Class Rigs.

Daily Stage to Fort Qu'Appelle.
QU'APPELLE, ASSN.

NEW BAKERY

A. McKenzie,
QU'APPELLE STREET.

BREAD! FRUITS!

CONFECTIONERY, &c.,
Constantly on hand.

Birthday and Bride's Cakes
A SPECIALTY.

Apprentice Wanted

A SMART BOY will be afforded a rare
chance to learn the printing business
at the present time. Apply in person or
by letter addressed

THE PROGRESS OFFICE,
Qu'Appelle.

House to Rent.

APPLY TO
A. HOLLINGSHEAD.
Qu'Appelle, April 24th, 1888.

To Hotel Keepers.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A FINE BRICK HOTEL at Indian
Head, N. W. T., containing sixteen
bed-rooms, large sitting, dining and billi-
ard rooms, parlors, kitchen and cellar.
A favorable change for anyone desiring of
opening a first class Hotel. Immediate pos-
session given. Apply to
BOYLE & CO.,
Winnipeg.
May 31, 1888.

Legislative Assembly.

To the Electors of South Qu'Appelle.

GENTLEMEN: Having been unanimously
chosen at a meeting held on the 21st inst.,
for the purpose of selecting a candidate to
represent you in the new Legislative Assem-
bly, I have much pleasure in accepting
your nomination and trust to receive your
heartly support. I will endeavor to meet
all throughout the District and discuss the
different questions affecting your interests
and acquaint you with the course I intend
to pursue if elected.

Believe me, Gentlemen,
To be
Your Obedient Servant,
G. S. DAVIDSON.
Qu'Appelle, May 22, 1888.

BRICK FOR SALE

IN ANY QUANTITY
AT THE
Qu'Appelle Brick Yard.

J. DOOLITTLE.

INCIDENT FIRE.

There was a small fire this morning
in the drug manufacturing depart-
ment of Dawson, Bole & Co., caused
by some drugs that were being
heated upon a stove, catching fire
and exploding, setting on fire the
room. Two employees, W. Young
and R. Martin's faces were badly
burned, D. Mowat, of Mowat Bros.,
whose store is next door had his
whiskers singed off and his face
scorched. The fire was confined to
the room and chimney and by the
great courage and coolness of
those who happened to be first on
the scene, was soon put out. As
usual the fire company responded
promptly. At one time it looked
as if the whole block east of Broad
street would go. Damage nominal,
principally Chas. Black's stationery
store, from water.

FOUND.

ONE roan horse, branded T on the left
shoulder, also one black horse. Owner
can have the same by paying expenses, pro-
ving property.
GEORGE ROBINSON,
Qu'Appelle.
May 22, 1888.

S. H. COLLINS.

QU'APPELLE.

DEALER IN

BOOTS AND SHOES

AT

Any Price You Want Them

From \$1 up to \$10.

BOOTS MADE TO ORDER

TERMS CASH.

S. H. COLLINS.

Qu'Appelle, May 24th, 1887.

Directory.

ENGLISH CHURCH.

ST. PETER'S, QU'APPELLE.

Sunday Services, 11 and 19 o'clock every
Sunday. Holy Communion once a fort-
night. Sunday School at halfpast 10 o'clock
Week days and Saint's days as announced.

Holy Communion, 8 o'clock every Sat-
urday. Daily Morning and Evening prayer,
CLERGY.

Rev. G. B. Childs.

Notices of Baptism, Marriage, or Funerals
may be addressed to the Clergy, or to
Leslie Gordon, Esq. churchwarden.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

QU'APPELLE.

Services every Sunday morning at 11, and
evening at 7 o'clock. Bible class and
Sunday school at 10 o'clock. Prayer meet-
ing on Thursdays at 10 o'clock.

METHODIST CHURCH.

Rev. A. Andrews.

Services every Sunday morning at 11, and
evening at 7 o'clock. Sunday School at
halfpast 10 o'clock. Class meeting every
Sunday morning after service. Prayer meet-
ing every Wednesday evening at half past
10 o'clock.

ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH.

Rev. J. Gratton, O. M. I.

Service every Sunday in the month
at 10 o'clock.

ROYAL TEMPLARS.

QU'APPELLE COUNCIL.

Regular meeting in the Methodist church
every Monday evening at 8 o'clock (8 p.m.).
G. H. V. Bulyea, S. C. W. J. Graham, Sec.

MASONIC.

Regular meetings on the Tuesday before
full moon, at 20 o'clock. James Weidman,
W. M.; G. B. Murphy, Sec.

QU'APPELLE (STATION) POST OFFICE.

Mails close for the east and west every
evening except Wednesday at 10 o'clock;
open for delivery at 8 o'clock.

For Fort Qu'Appelle, etc., close daily at
7 o'clock, and open for delivery at 10 o'clock.
For Prince Albert and points on the Sas-
atchewan, close every Monday at 10 and
open for delivery every Tuesday at 8 o'clock.
The post office closes every evening at 10
o'clock; registered mail at 10:30, and money
order department at 15 o'clock.

Gaddy and Racette

Pay the Death Penalty

FOR THE MURDER OF MCLEISH.

(BY TELEGRAPH.)

Regina, June 14.

At the barracks yesterday morn-
ing, Gaddy and Racette, the Mc-
Leish murderers, paid the extreme
penalty of their crime by hanging at
8:23 o'clock. At 7:45 the police
guards who had them in charge
since their conviction turned them
over to the sheriff. Both convicts
ate a hearty breakfast and immedi-
ately afterwards started on their
last march to the scaffold, accom-
panied by the sheriff, guards and
their spiritual advisers. After
Henderson, Riel's executioner, had
bound them and adjusted the ropes
they were asked by Sheriff Benson
if they had anything to say why the
law of the land should not be car-
ried out. Gaddy made no reply.
Racette replied that he failed to see
the justice in hanging him when he
had not fired the fatal shot. He
said he was glad he had a chance
to speak now as he had not at the
time of the trial. Both met their
doom more courageously than was
at first expected. Gaddy was so
weak he had to be assisted and his
death was instantaneous, but Ra-
cette's pulse did not cease beating
till fourteen minutes after the drop.

The North-West.

REGINA.

The flour contract for the
Indian Department has been awarded
to the Regina Milling Company,
and a large number of freighters
will shortly leave to bring it in.

Mr. Hayter Reed, Assistant
Indian Commissioner, Regina, was
married in St. John's church, Belle-
ville, on the 8th, to Miss Georgina
Horton, daughter of the late Col.
Horton. Major Crozier, late of the
Mounted Police, was groomsmen.

At a meeting of Prohibitionists
held in the Journal office a number
of pledges were drawn up for the
purpose of being presented to
Messrs. Second and Scott, candi-
dates in the approaching election for
the legislative assembly, South
Regina. The following were ap-
pointed a committee for the purpose
of carrying out the details: Messrs.
Atkinson, Clark, Smith and Young.

MOOSE JAW.

Fire broke out this afternoon
in a house occupied by Mr. Upax,
consuming it and the house east of
it, owned by James Porter. A
strong west wind was blowing.
Loss \$1,000; no insurance.

FORT QU'APPELLE.

On the 5th, Mr. Sutherland,
M. N. W. C., of Fort Qu'Appelle,
was married to Miss Hetty E.
Traveller. The happy couple went
west by the lakes.

On the previous day Mr. Suther-
land, introduced by Mr. Davin, had
an interview with the Premier, and
amongst other things the placing a
dam across the Qu'Appelle was
discussed.

The Qu'Appelle Valley mills
are now in running order again,
after having been closed down for
some time for the purpose of mak-
ing changes and improvements in
the mill. The capacity of the mill
has been enlarged as well as the
ability to turn out a finer grade of
flour given.

KATEPWE.

Gardens, in spite of the rather
cool weather we have had, are look-
ing very promising.

Crops are looking well and for
many miles around a very large
acreage has been sown.

There seems to be an unusual
amount of indecision among the
voters of this neighborhood at
present as to the best way of dis-
posing of their votes on the 27th.

There has been a larger num-
ber of distinguished visitors than
usual among the settlers here lately
which fact some account for by say-
ing "It's all owing to the election."

Mr. R. Crawford, M. N. W. C.,
was here last week and we venture
to say that he had the satisfaction
of seeing a most excellent result
from the small appropriation made
toward the hill road here.

Mr. A. T. McLellan has been
overseer and manager of the work
done on the hill road here and it is
safe to say that in few places in the
Territories can so large a result be
shown for so small an expenditure.

ELLISBORO.

A grand picnic, athletic sports
and base ball match, will take
place here on Monday, July 2nd,
1888, in celebration of Dominion
Day. There will be a baseball
match in the forenoon followed by
the athletic sports, the whole to
conclude with a ball in the evening.

The picnic will be held in the usual
manner by parties furnishing their
own baskets. There will also be a
stall on the grounds, light refresh-
ments supplied at moderate prices.
The following is the program of
Sports: 100 yards dash; putting
the stone, running high jump, boy's
race, under 14 years; throwing the
cricket ball; running high jump;
250 yards hurdle race; quarter
mile race; obstacle race; vaulting;
with pole; ladies nomination race;
running long jump; standing long
jump; three legged race; sack
race; consolation race; tug of war,
Ellisboro v. Wolsley. 1st and 2nd
prizes given in all competitions.
The entrance fee for each event will
be 10 cents. A grand 1st and 2nd
prize will be given to the two suc-
cessful competitors gaining the larg-
est number of events. Admittance
to dance, 50 cents.

GRENELL.

On Friday last we had a fine
twenty-four hours rain which raised
the highest hopes of the farmers.

We are sorry to hear of the death
of Mrs. Carroll, and the deepest
sympathy for the bereaved family
is extended by the friends.

The electors of the east part of
the Wolsley district, held a meet-
ing at Grenfell, on Tuesday, 12th
inst., for the purpose of selecting a
candidate to contest the election for
the N. W. C. Mr. B. P. Richard-
son was unanimously chosen.

LANGENBURG.

Ties are now being unloaded
here for construction of road west.

Mr. Street, of Moosomin, has
started a butcher's shop at this
place.

A. F. Eden, J. Stewart Tupper
and G. E. Stevens also arrived and
are visiting the commercial colony.

Dr. Broad, of Toronto, and
family have arrived. The doctor
goes to Crescent Lake to practise
his profession.

Sergt. McLeod, of the North-
west mounted police, has obtained
five weeks' leave of absence, and
leaves Sunday morning for Toronto.
His place is supplied by Sergt.
Colebrook.

A special general meeting of the
shareholders of the Manitoba &
Northwestern railway company will
be held in Montreal on the 15th
prox., for the purpose of authoriz-
ing the directors to issue debenture
stock and also to ratify the agree-
ment entered into with the St. Paul
Construction Company.

SCHOOL AND CHURCH.

We have now 300,000 school
teachers, and an average of more than
sixty-six pupils for each.—N. Y. Tri-
bune.

The first Presbyterian church in
Indiana was planted near Vincennes in
1805. The membership now in the
State is about 30,000.—Indianapolis
Journal.

A tabernacle having no respect
of creed is proposed at Atlanta, Ga.
A gentleman has signified his willingness
to head a list with \$8,000. The Irishman
and twenty-six Methodist churches alone.

A year ago the National Educa-
tional Association was largely in debt.
To-day it owes nothing and has six
thousand dollars in the treasury. This
is indicative of a strong feeling of har-
monious co-operation among the teach-
ers of the country.—The Current.

A white child ten years of age who
can not write his name is by some sup-
posed to be a rarity in this country, but
such children numbered more than
half a million in 1870, and nearly 600,000
in 1880. Thirteen white children out
of a hundred in the year 1880 escaped
the combined influences of church, day
school, Sunday-school and family
teaching.—Chicago Herald.

The Independent notices that
women preachers are looking to be a
regular thing in Massachusetts. "The
Congregational year-book," it says,
"records two Congregational churches
in that State supplied by women
(thought not formally installed.) one
of whom, Annie H. Shaw, has acted as
pastor for five years, and the other,
Louise S. Baker, for four years. That
women can be pastors in the conserva-
tive old orthodox churches of Massa-
chusetts is, then, an accomplished fact,
but not as yet an acknowledged
accomplishment, as the timid
brackets around their yearbooks in-
dicates."

Pupils in the public schools are
kept at work upon arithmetic from
eight to ten o'clock. The fact has re-
ceived the attention of Mr. Washington
Gladden, who says: "The reason why
one-seventh of the years allotted to
human life are consumed upon the
study of arithmetic is that the science
has been 'developed' in most of our
books to a needless extent." He finds
a great many superfluous subjects
introduced, that the application of
arithmetic to all manner of possible
and impossible transactions is extended
so far that life becomes a burden to
many a pupil before the book is fin-
ished. He would shorten the time of
this study two or three years.—Ex-
change.

The throne of LOUIS XIV. was sold
by public auction in Paris a few days
ago for 6,500 francs.

The Egg of Columbus. "Who
was Columbus?" asked a teacher of
13 class, in one of the public schools
of Austin. "Columbus was a bird,"
replied a little girl. The whole class
laughed vociferously, and the teacher
asked the little girl what she meant by
such a silly answer. She explained,
shedding bitter tears, that she had read
in the book of an older sister a piece of
poetry about the egg of Columbus, and
as only birds lay eggs she supposed
Columbus was some sort of a bird.—
Texas Siftings.

Johnny (who is spending the after-
noon at the Smiths).—My mother says
she'd like to look like you, Mrs. Smith.
Mrs. S. (who is extremely plain, but
not entirely aware of it).—Like me, my
dear? I take that as your compliment.
Indeed, from so very pretty a lady as
your mamma. You're quite sure it
was I, Johnny, that she meant?
Johnny (accepting another cruller).—
Oh, yes, ma. She said that if she
could have your health and strength
she believed she'd as lief look as you
do.—Larper's Bazaar.

The Staked Plains.

The Staked Plains of New Mexico
and Northwestern Texas have been but
little understood by civilized man until
within the past few years. They have
been regarded as barren waste, worth-
less to all intents and purposes for any
use whatever. But as the van of civil-
ization crowds its way or takes its
course in the direction of the crimson-
tinted sky of the Occident, more is
learned of this heretofore unoccupied
domain, which has an area larger than
the whole State of New York. These
plains begin in New Mexico and extend
far into the interior of Texas, and are
lined on the south by the Pecos and on
the north by Red River, and are of the
shape of the letter V. They are cov-
ered the entire year with a thick coat
of buffalo grass, very short but exceed-
ingly nutritious, affording excellent pas-
torage for every class of stock. Hereto-
fore water was supposed to be out of
the question upon these plains, but ex-

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Two inches	2.00	3.00	4.00	5.00

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Address, JAMES WEIDMAN, Qu'Appelle Station, Assin. E. J. WEIDMAN, Proprietor.

THE ELECTION.

The contest in South Qu'Appelle is growing warmer as nomination day approaches. Mr. Davidson has made a personal canvass of nearly the whole district, and is confident of his election by a handsome majority. Major Bell, on the other hand, is making a vigorous push for the seat in the Legislature, and his supporters are thoroughly organized and working hard. There is not the least doubt that the western portion of the district can elect their candidate if they turn out in force on polling day. The sectional feeling is increasing, a fact which is to be deplored, but as Indian Head seems bound to fight it out on that line it remains for the rest to accept the situation, and poll every vote in order to show our strength. Let the west turn out to a man with the object of putting down sectionalism by giving the people of Indian Head to understand they have nothing to gain by fostering a feeling of jealousy and much to lose. This sectional feeling appears to be all one-sided any way. Qu'Appelle never was afraid or jealous of Indian Head. At a former election Qu'Appelle votes elected an Indian Head man. This town has all along been the foothill of other parts of the former electoral district, and our people feel that it is about time they had an innings at the business. Then too if the west permits the election of the Indian Head man, there is a danger that the electoral district might be so changed as to place us in the unenviable position we formerly occupied. We have now the power in our own hands and we should keep it there. If we must fight sectional jealousy let us do it in such a way as to give it an effectual and everlasting quietus.

What a lot of scoundrels nearly all the editors of the British Columbia and Northwest papers must be, if judged by the standard of a certain wretched who drives the quill of a sleepy little sheet published in this district. THE PROGRESS took a stand nearly three years ago that has since been almost unanimously endorsed by the Northwest press. We were most bitterly assailed at the time, but our position has since been most fully vindicated. When we took our stand in defence of Lieut. Governor Dewdney against his assailants some of our friends thought that it was an unpopular move, but our judgment in the premises was perfectly correct, and we are proud of the distinction of being among the first to discern Mr. Dewdney's superior executive qualities which are now so generally conceded.

PUBLIC OPINION.

THE PRESS ON MR. DEWDNEY AS MINISTER OF THE INTERIOR.

Qu'Appelle Vindicator: It is generally conceded in the Territories that Mr. Dewdney will, of all the names mentioned in this connection, best fill the bill as a successor to the late Thos. White, as he is fully posted as to the needs of this part of the Dominion, he having a personal knowledge of every inch of the Territories.

Medicine Hat Times: Mr. Dewdney has had a difficult position to fill as governor of the territories, but on the whole he has done remarkably well, and the people are now realizing the loss they are about to experience on his removal, but only trust that their loss will be greatly ameliorated by him accepting the Interior. We feel confident that Mr. Dewdney will make a successful Minister.

Macled Gazette: The news came this week that Mr. Dewdney's appointment as Minister of the Interior has virtually been made, and that it will be publicly given out after the North-west elections. This will be good news to the great majority of the people of the North-west for two reasons, first because the justice of our claims to representation in the Cabinet is acknowledged by the government, and second, because Mr. Dewdney is eminently qualified for the position.

The Empire: We think we are justified in again referring to the Hon. Edgar Dewdney as probably the best qualified, everything considered, of any man that Sir John Macdonald can put his hand on. We have noticed in the last Canadian Gazette a letter from Governor Dewdney on the Northwest as a home for British settlers. This letter shows very plainly that the Governor not only understands the wants of this country, and the wants of British immigrants, and what classes are adapted for settlement in the Northwest, but it also shows that he has taken a deep interest in the settlement. If Mr. Dewdney held the position of Minister of the Interior, he from his intimate knowledge of the country, would understand every question which might be brought before him at first sight, and could judge and act without the delay usually attending any question which has to be referred from one point to another before action can be taken at headquarters.

The Calgary Herald, speaking editorially of the vacant Portfolio says:—"The statesman who was last at the helm was a man of more than ordinary ability and of extraordinary devotion to the work of his department, so that whoever follows him will have no small task to keep up to the standard of the late holder of the North-west portfolio, without saying anything about increased work as the country develops. There may be many men now in parliament of equal ability with the Hon. Edgar Dewdney, whom Sir John might choose for the position, but ability is not the only requisite to qualify a man for going into harness at once and effectively. Experience in, and a good knowledge of Northwest matters, are essential qualifications, and in these certainly out present Lieutenant-Governor is head and shoulders above any other man whom Sir John could select. It is to be hoped that Sir John will see his way clear to separating the portfolio of the Interior from the Indian department. The late minister had undertaken to administer the Indian department, which put more work on his shoulders than his constitution could bear, the mistake should not be made again. If Sir John has another man in view for the Interior let him give our present Lieutenant-Governor the entire superintendence of Indian affairs, his experience in the Northwest is of too much value to the country to have its light put under a bushel. If Mr. Dewdney should be given the portfolio of the Interior, of course he would get the vacant Northwest senatorship."

CANDIDATES.

The following is a list of the reputed candidates for the legislative assembly so far as can be ascertained up to the present time:
Battleford—D. S. Clink, James Clinkskill.
Calgary (two members)—John Lincham, H. Cayley, J. Reilly.
Kinstino—Capt. Hoey, Capt. Meyers, Letellier, Andrew Spence.
Medicine Hat—W. J. Finlay, Thomas Tweed.
Moosejaw—J. H. Ross.
Moosemin—J. R. Neff, R. Stevenson.
Prince Albert—Sheriff Hughes, John Stewart, Capt. Craig, W. R. Gunn and J. F. Betts.
Qu'Appelle, North—W. Sutherland, Qu'Appelle, South—G. S. Davidson, Major Bell.
Red Deer—Dr. Brett, R. Topping.
Regina, North—D. F. Jelly, G. Brown.
Regina, South—John Secord, D. L. Scott.
Souris—C. Troyer.
Wallace—J. Reaman, R. R. Smith.
Wolsley—L. Thomson, B. P. Richardson, J. P. Dill.
Whitewood—A. G. Thorburn.

THE DEVIL'S BEST FRIEND.

Intemperance cuts down youth in its vigor, manhood in its strength, and age in its weakness. It breaks the father's heart, bereaves the dying mother, extinguishes natural affection, erases conjugal love, blots out filial attachment, blights parental hope and brings down mourning age in sorrow to the grave. It produces weakness not strength, sickness not health, death not life. It makes wives widows, children orphans, fathers friends, and all of them paupers and beggars. It feeds rheumatism, nurses gout, welcomes epidemics, invites cholera, imports pestilence, and embraces consumption. It covers the land with idleness, poverty, disease and crime. It fills

your goals, supplies your asylums. It engenders controversies, fosters quarrels, and cherishes riots. It crowds your penitentiaries, and furnishes the victims for your scaffolds. It is the life-blood of the gambler, the aliment of the counterfeiter, the prop of the highwayman, and the support of the midnight incendiary. It countenances the liar, respects the thief, and esteems the blasphemer. It violates obligation, reverences fraud, and honors infamy. It defames benevolence, hates love, scorns virtue, slanders innocence. It incites the father to butcher his helpless offspring, helps the husband to massacre his wife and aids the child to grind the parrioidal axe. It burns up man and consumes woman, detests life, curses God, and despises heaven. It suborns witnesses, nurses perjury, defiles the jury-box, and stains the judicial ermine. It bribes votes, disqualifies voters, corrupts elections, pollutes our institutions, and endangers our Government. It degrades the citizen, debases the legislator, dishonors the statesman, disarms the patriot. It brings shame not honor; terror not safety; despair, not hope; misery, not happiness. And with the malevolence of a fiend, it calmly surveys its frightful desolation, and insatiably with havoc it poisons felicity, kills peace, ruins morals, blights confidence, slays reputation, and wipes out national honor, then curses the world and laughs at its ruin.

There, it does all that and more. It murders the soul. It is the sum of all villainies; the curse of curses; the devil's best friend.

No moderate drinker ever expects to be a drunkard; and if he will let the first glass alone there is no danger, but this taken, he can little realize what will follow. When the first glass is received his moral affections are the strongest to resist, and from the fact that it is the nature of alcohol to weaken those moral affections and undermine the keen, discriminating power of conscience, all the moral power he has to help him refuse the second glass is inadequate; hence the sin must be in taking the first one, for it is this glass that opens the gateway into the highway that leads to intoxication. The great battle in behalf of total abstinence must be fought in the field of moderate drinkers. Those who drink right along and never get drunk persecute habitual drunkards more than any other class. A reformed man cannot become a moderate drinker. If he does not want to become a gutter drunkard, he must forever repudiate that first glass he must be an absolutely total abstainer from everything that intoxicates.

"DECORATION DAY."

The years that have elapsed since the close of the civil war have served to obliterate all sectional feeling; and a united and prosperous nation joins in keeping green the graves of all its beloved dead. It is in this spirit that the publisher of the NEW YORK FAMILY STORY PAPER has had written a thrilling and pathetic romance, peculiarly appropriate to this national holiday entitled "Faithful Leo-nore; or, His Grave Kept Green." In the same paper will also be found a weekly instalment of the "Life and Adventures of a Showman of P. T. Barnum," written by himself, and equally interesting to the young folks as well as heads of families. These are rare literary treats, and those of our readers who are not already enjoying them will do well to obtain No. 766 of the NEW YORK FAMILY STORY PAPER of their news-dealer or send direct to the publisher, Munro's Publishing House, Nos. 24 and 26 Vandewater Street, New York, and receive the paper four months for one dollar, postage free.



Public Notice.

Leases of School Lands for Hay Cutting purposes.

UNDER authority of an Order in Council, dated the 22nd day of November, 1888, leases of School Lands in the North-West Territories will be issued for hay cutting purposes, subject to the following conditions:—

The lease shall be for a term not exceeding five years, and shall be revocable at any time during its currency on one year's notice being given to the lessee, who shall not be entitled to compensation for any improvements made by him.
A lease shall not issue to any person for more than a section, or for less than a quarter-section.
Where there is only one applicant for the lease of a school-section or part of the same, the rental shall be at the rate of 25 cents per acre per annum, but where there is more than one applicant a such lease it shall be put up for tender at an upset rental of 25 cents per acre.
Applications for these leases should be made to the Local Agents of Dominion Lands.
A. M. BURGESS,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
Department of the Interior,
Ottawa, May 1st, 1888.
N. B.—No unauthorized insertion of this advertisement will be paid for.

J. B. ROBINSON
Contractor, Builder,
ETC., ETC.
QU'APPELLE.

All Work in my Line will Receive Careful Attention.

JOHN B. MILLIKEN, & Co.
Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of
Harness & Saddlery
WHIPS,
CURRY COMBS,
HORSE BRUSHES,
BELLS,
BLANKETS,
SPURS,
TRUNKS,
VALISES,
ETC., ETC., ETC.
Qu'Appelle, Nov. 25, 1886.

J. H. MacCAUL,
DEALER IN
LUMBER,
SASH,
DOORS,
BUILDING PAPER, ETC., ETC.
OFFICE AND YARD NEAR C. P. R.
STATION, QU'APPELLE.

THOMSON & NELSON
FORWARDERS,
AND DEALERS IN
Lumber, Lath, Shingles
DOORS, SASH
Building Paper, etc
Office West of C.P.R. Station,
QU'APPELLE.

BRANCH AT FORT QU'APPELLE.



J. G. MCKENZIE,
Merchant Tailor
QU'APPELLE STATION.
Fit and Workmanship
Guaranteed.
TERMS CASH.

THE HIGHEST
MARKET PRICE
Will be paid for
WHEAT
Delivered at the
QU'APPELLE

Roller Mills.

We beg to announce that our Roller Mills at Qu'Appelle Station, are now in operation, and that we are prepared to supply the Farmers of the Municipality of Qu'Appelle, with Flour, Bran and Shorts, in exchange for Wheat on the most liberal terms.

We are also prepared to Chop Barley and Oats for Feed.

D. H. McMillan & Bro

-G-R-I-P-

Canada's Comic Paper.
J. W. BENGUGH, Artist and Editor.
ISSUED WEEKLY.
\$2 a Year; \$1 for 6 Months.
GRIP is increasing in influence and popularity every year. It is a supreme household favorite, while every Politician and Professional and Business Man enjoys the clever hints which appear in every issue.
Subscribe now!
See our Premium and Clipping List. Circulars giving full particulars sent free.
Send for Grip's Comic Almanac for 1888. Price 10 cents.
ADDRESS,
GRIP PUBLISHING CO.,
Toronto, Ont.

J. McEWEEN,
General Blacksmith,
Carriage and Wagon Builder.
Horse Shoeing a Specialty.

All kinds of Job Work strictly attended to. Plow shares made to order and guaranteed to work. A large quantity of

IRON AND COAL
KEPT ON HAND FOR SALE.
Carriage springs, axles and thimble-skains for wagons.
Qu'Appelle, June 2, 1887.

MARES.
D. H. GILLESPIE, has just arrived with a band of fifty
Oregon and Montana Mares.
Which are for sale at reasonable prices. Enquire at Mr. R. Johnston's livery, feed and sale stables, Caswell street, Qu'Appelle.
Qu'Appelle, Jan. 4th, 1888.

Notice to Teachers in N. W. T.

THE NEXT EXAMINATION of Candidates for Teachers' Certificates, will begin on
Tuesday, 7th August, 1888.
Intending Candidates should at once communicate with the Inspectors of their districts.
JAS. BROWN,
Secretary, Board of Education,
Regina, 17th April, 1888.



NOTICE.
PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor has this day been pleased to order that
SITTINGS OF THE SUPREME COURT
For the Judicial District of Western Assiniboia shall be held within the said District at ten o'clock in the forenoon on the days and at the places following, to-wit:—
FORT QU'APPELLE,
Monday, 18th June, 1888.
By Command,
A. E. FORGET,
Secretary.
Lieutenant-Governor's Office,
Regina, Thursday, 22nd Dec., 1887.

Public Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-West Territories for a Charter of Incorporation by the applicants hereinafter mentioned, under the provisions of "The Companies Ordinance of 1886," and amendments thereto.
1. The proposed corporate name of the Company is the South Qu'Appelle Building Society (Limited).
2. The object for which incorporation is sought, is to enable the Society to acquire and hold by lease, purchase or other legal title, lands, houses, buildings, building material or premises, to construct, erect, build and maintain houses or other buildings, and to lease, exchange, sell, convey, dispose of, mortgage and charge the same as the Directors may deem for its advantage, and also to have power to invest in or to lend its money on security of mortgages on real estate at such rates of interest as the Directors may approve, or debentures of Municipalities in the North-West Territories or debentures of Public School Districts in the said Territories, to purchase mortgages of real estate that may be approved by the Directors and result the same as may by them be deemed advisable, and shall have power for any such purpose to execute such deeds, assignments or other instruments as may be necessary; and with respect to all such matters the society shall have power to enter into, make and enforce all such contracts, stipulations, agreements and conditions as its Directors for the time being may deem necessary for carrying out the same.
3. The Chief place of business of the Society shall be the Town of Qu'Appelle in the District of Assiniboia in the North-West Territories.
4. The Capital Stock of the Society shall be Seven Thousand Dollars.
5. The Stock of the Society shall consist of Two hundred and eighty shares of Twenty-five dollars each.
6. The following are the names, address and calling of the applicants herein, of whom the five first mentioned are to be the first or provisional Directors of the said Society: STEPHEN HOWARD CASWELL, of Qu'Appelle Station, in the North-West Territories, Banker; THOMAS TROTTER THOMSON, of the same place, Lumber Merchant; GEORGE HENRY VICKERS BELLA, of the same place, Merchant; GEORGE RICHARD SKINNER, of the same place, Farmer; GUS BERSEA, of the same place, Farmer; Provisional Directors, SAMUEL SCOTT NELSON, of the same place, Lumber Merchant; LESLIE GORDON, of the same place, Advocate; HANCOCK JAGGER, of the same place, Accountant; JAMES McEWEEN, of the same place, Blacksmith; ARTHUR KING, of the City of Omaha in the State of Nebraska, Book-keeper; The Honorable MARCEL RAYMOND GIFFARD, of Qu'Appelle Station, Advocate; Farmer; ELIZABETH McLANE, of the same place, Spinster; The Right Reverend and Honorable ADELBERT ANSON, Lord Bishop of Qu'Appelle, of St. John's College, Qu'Appelle Station, Advocate; WILLIAM BAYB BAYB, of the City of Winnipeg in the Province of Manitoba, M. P.; EDWIN WYNN HUGHES, of B. Battery, Quebec, Artilleryman; WILLIAM FRANCIS HELLAR, of Fawcett in the County of Cornwall in that part of the United Kingdom called England, Farmer; JANE HELLAR SRETTEUX, of the same place Spinster.
LESLIE GORDON,
Advocate for Applicants,
Qu'Appelle Station, February 20th, 1888.

NEW
Spring and Summer Goods
NOW OPENED OUT.

S. H. CASWELL
GENERAL MERCHANT,
BANKER,
Post Office, Qu'Appelle.

QUEEN'S HOTEL,
OF THE
TOWN OF QU'APPELLE.
The Leading House in the West.
G. S. DAVIDSON,
PROPRIETOR

A Full Assortment of Furniture!
OF ALL KINDS
Kept Constantly on Hand.
ALSO IN STOCK, A FULL LINE OF
Coffins and Caskets.
GEO. H. V. BULYEA,
Corner Qu'Appelle St. and Ninth Avenue, Qu'Appelle, N. W. T.

In Defence of Our Country's Homes.
"The Qu'Appelle Progress"
IS A STRAIGHT
Prohibition Newspaper,
Making the Cause of First Political Importance.

Twenty-Eight Columns Weekly at \$1.00 a Year.
Correspondence Solicited from all parts of the Territories.
JAMES WEIDMAN,
Publisher, Qu'Appelle, N. W. T.

"THE PROGRESS" Office is headquarters for the Northwest Prohibitory Alliance.
"THE PROGRESS" TURNS OUT THE NEATEST & BEST
Book & Job Printing
Of any Office in the Country.

OUR MANY-COLORED CHROMATIC POSTERS
Are Unexcelled even in the Largest Cities.

OUR BOOK PRINTING
Is equal to the best and speaks for itself. The Saskatchewan Directory and other books being specimens of the work done by us.
Orders by mail solicited.
ADDRESS,
"THE PROGRESS,"
Qu'Appelle, N. W. T.

THE WANZER
SEWING MACHINES!
Received the following unprecedented distinctions at the Vienna Exhibition, 1873:
TWO MEDALS OF MERIT,
A distinction not obtained by any other Sewing Machine at the Exhibition. ONE GRAND SILVER MEDAL for the best Family and Manufacturing Sewing Machine.
The Emperor of Austria conferred upon Mr. E. M. Wanzer, THE IRON CROSS, and knighted him with the order of FRANCIS JOSEPH THE FIRST, for his valuable services in the Sewing Machine business, which were the highest honors conferred at the Exhibition. Mr. Wanzer is the only Sewing Machine manufacturer in Great Britain or its Colonies who received those distinguished honors.
JAMES WEIDMAN, AGENT

When a man has missed his way, and is wandering around in perplexing search of the right road, nothing is more annoying than for some one to give him directions. It is a difficult matter to understand, no matter how well informed, to give directions in a satisfactory manner. A gentleman while en route to Morley's mill, below Little Rock, missed the right road. After wandering over a large extent of territory, he met an old negro.

"Uncle, can you show me the road to Morley's mill?"
"Yes, sir, I can." "Where?"
"Over there." "Which way?"
"Over there." "Which way?"
"Over there." "Which way?"

"Well, sir, I don't know, 'cause I don't know where Morley's mill is." "Where?"
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MISCELLANEOUS.
A Pennsylvania court has decided that, as elections are not under the common law, but are created by statute, the common law does not apply to them.

—Enough land in the United States is owned by foreign syndicates to furnish 250,000 foreign immigrants with eighty acres of land apiece.—*Troy Times.*

—The Odd Fellows of Maine have a membership of 14,556, and since their organization in the State, in 1813, have paid for individual relief \$477,323.

—"How can I find out all about the young lady to whom I am engaged?" asks a prospective benedict. Has she a younger brother? If so, consult him.—*Boston Post.*

—Large quantities of timber are now being cut in the West, in a special manner, for railroad purposes, the effect being to increase the tenacity of the wood for holding spikes, etc., as well as its density, and its ability to resist mechanical wear.—*Chicago Journal.*

—A gentleman who imagined that he recognized a lady friend, advanced cordially, and addressed her: "I beg pardon," he said, "but isn't this Miss Greenleaf?" "No, sir," replied the lady, "my name is Redgate." "Ah, excuse me, I must be color blind."—*N. Y. Sun.*

—The prose of war differs from the poetry to the extent that martial music, huzzas of victory and the gleaming of banners and the tramp of armed men, differ from the groans of the wounded and dying, the ghastly corpses, the blood-soaked fields, and the weeping and mourning of those whose loved ones have been laid in gory graves.—*N. Y. Observer.*

—From some experiments made at the University of Kansas it appears that the average person can taste the bitter of quinine when one part is dissolved in 452,000 of water. Salt was detected with one part in 640 of water, sugar in 288 of water, baking-soda in forty-eight of water. In nearly all cases, few could detect a smaller quantity than males.

—During a very tedious ride on a railroad out of Memphis, the passengers, tired, dirty and thirsty, all cursed the company with the exception of one single passenger. His fellow-passengers commented on this and asked him why he didn't curse the road, too. "It would be hardly fair," he replied, "seeing I am traveling on a free pass; but if they don't do better pretty soon I'll get out and buy a ticket and join you."—*St. Louis Globe.*

—Dr. Backus, of Rochester, N. Y., stepped out one spring morning to survey his lawn, which had nearly been trampled and soiled the day before. A pair of swans had broken out of the pen during the night, and, wading the fair surface until it looked like a battle-field where several nine-inch shells had just exploded. The doctor was too old to cry and too pious to swear, and he therefore observed with some emotion: "Well I never can lay dirt to suit a hog!"—*Albany Journal.*

—A farmer living near Howe's Cave, N. Y., had been recently hawking a fine old horse, and had been told by a customer that the horse was a "good one." The farmer, however, was not satisfied, and he decided to test the horse's strength. He took the horse to a field and made him pull a heavy load. The horse, however, was not strong enough to pull the load, and the farmer was disappointed.

GRINDSTONES.
More Food Now From Germany—Where They Come From and Their Uses.
There are two mistaken ideas about grindstones in the public mind," said a dealer in these articles, whose place was visited by a reporter yesterday. "One is that they are going out of use, and the other that they are going to be used more than ever before. Why is this? Because of improved cutting machinery that requires the aid of grindstones to keep it in perfect condition. As for their exploding, as you read about every once in a while, that's all nonsense. They do not explode. But they do break, scattering themselves all about some and hurting people. But this is due to their being mounted wrongly, not to anything of an explosive nature about them."

—Where do most of the grindstones come from? was asked.
"From France and Germany chiefly. Some come from England and some from the western part of this country. They are found in Ohio, but not at all in the East. The Ohio stones are used for rough grinding, but the French and German ones are the best, because they can be used for finer work—for flat surface grinding and for cutting. I send a great many of them to people in the far West, even to Nebraska and California. I also ship them to Central America. Canada, too, buys many in this city. The largest grindstone I ever sold was fifty-four inches in diameter and had an eight-inch face. The size most generally sold is twenty-four inch diameter with a three to four inch face."

"What do grindstones cost?"
"The smallest is a three inch diameter, two inches thick. A single one of these costs thirty cents and \$2.75 a dozen. One ten inches in diameter, two inches thick, costs fifty cents. One thirty inches in diameter, four inches thick, costs \$3.50. One thirty-seven inches in diameter, seven inches thick, costs \$18.50. A grindstone forty-eight inches in diameter, eight inches thick, which is the largest of the regular size."

—A drummer, with a package of samples under his arm, determined to attend a concert in St. Louis without having to pay a cent. Just as he was passing the man at the door that gentleman detained the drummer and said: "Ticket." "I haven't got any," said the drummer. "Then you will have to pay or can't go in." "All right, the performance can come off this evening without my solo on the flute." "Beg your pardon—didn't know you were a performer. Go right on in."—*Texas Siftings.*

—There are 12,000 natives of Italy in the city of New York and 10,000 natives of France.

—A writer in the London *Spectator* the other day asked a young writer who was at work at novellets how much he could earn. "At the rate of eightpence an hour," "This," the *Spectator* adds, "may be taken as a minimum. The maximum may perhaps be set at \$600 per annum. This excludes the great prizes of leading journals and the price which a man gets for his name."

—"Do you know Mr. Duder?" asked one Newport girl of another. "I can't say that I know him, but I have met him several times." "Well, you ought to cultivate him." "Why, is he anything much?" "I don't know how he will be in the future, but now he needs cultivation about as much as any man I ever met." Then they smiled softly into each other's eyes and went their several ways.—*Merchant Traveler.*

Confessions of a Mosquito.
I am only a mosquito, one of that outlawed class against whom the hands of the entire world are raised in perpetual warfare and slaughter. I come when the butterflies begin to brighten the summer fields; when fragrant clover diffuses its incense on the soft, tropic air and zephyrs and the stately golden rod tremble in the zephyrs along the river bank. My advent is heralded by the gentle music of my wings. I sing the romance of mosquito life.

Little as I am I strike terror into the hearts of thousands. The moneyed magnate and the impecunious sportsman alike at my approach. The high handed tyrant of the household and the political boss acknowledge in me an object of fear. I am proscribed and undergo a species of relentless persecution that would crush many a laugher spirit. Nevertheless, I bear up under it all and apply myself to my appointed mission, finding ample compensation in the approval of my own conscience. I have seen strong men who have braved the heat of battle—men whose ears the roar of cannon was music—tremble with terror at my approach. I know my power, but I can't say that I glory in the consciousness of it.

You must know that there are social distinctions made in mosquito life, just as there are in well regulated society, and they are just, strong and immutable. Each mosquito is a creature of circumstances and into whatever channel chance directs his life he goes and follows it until death. When I was reared into this world I had the good fortune to fall under the guidance of a grizzled old fellow, who had done years of honorable service in mosquito life. His wits were as sharp as his bill, and his skin, which was shrunken and wrinkled, was as tough as leather and calculated to resist the most savage assault. There was a man of note upon the continent with whom he was not intimately acquainted. His recollections of persons and events were simply marvelous, so it was no wonder that I was an object of envy among the youngsters who came up along with me, as such a mentor insured my future success and social standing. I well remember the day when I was about to start into the world the old fellow said to me:

"Now, my son, for heaven's sake do not make yourself common and spoil all of your prospects in your first exploits by billing some politician or book agent. If you do that you will be irretrievably blasted." And tears stood in my mentor's eyes as he bade me adieu. I took his advice. The first desirable person I saw was a rich bank cashier, who, it is needless to say, was deacon of a church. With a wildly palpitating heart and filled with excitement to such a degree that I could not utter a single word, I paid the old fellow my respects. I must confess that I was really pained and shocked at the startling language he used. It is said that a delectable mosquito stings ten times harder than an adult. He gave me an awful fright, the deacon did, and I determined to select some other than a strict church man for my next acquaintance. So I lit on a retired merchant and a severe moralist. I experienced the same startling results. I was young and had a strong faith in mankind. Inexperience thrown upon a world of humanity moved by so many different forces, I perched on a netting in a fashionable hotel, with bowed head I yielded myself a prey to the doubts which surged upon me, when my old mentor dropped lightly at my side.

"Why so downcast, my boy?" he inquired, as he compassionately wiped his mouth. He had just finished wiping his mouth to one of the bluest bloods in the establishment and consequently felt in excellent humor. I explained to him what had happened and how my sensibilities were affected, and finally expressed my determination to devote myself to the canine, when the old fellow shook his head and said:

"Why, son, yours is the experience of every mosquito. Its benefits may strike you as being doubtful when your good home training is taken into view, but the effect will eventually be good. It will teach you the frailty of man, his susceptibility to make a perfect demon of himself in secret while he may be a saint in public. You will see how hollow most lives are."

I felt comforted by his advice and went about my mission once more, and though my path was literally crowded with curses, some low, some deep, I took it all with the consoling philosophy of my adviser. He advised me to only receive one shock after the incident I have referred to, and that was one time when I tried to make friends with Henry Bugh. When he felt my bill I hit it on his nose; he uttered something that did not sound at all like a greeting and struck me rudely at the point of my bill. He followed up his assault with several savage endeavors to murder me. Just think of it! After that I positively had faith in no one.

My assuilation with the class of people I moved among placed me high in mosquito totem and I looked upon as one of its shining lights. It grieved me, however, to see how many of my young companions had fallen from the start. One made his debut by associating with an insurance agent and he has imbibed so much of his characteristics that his whole body has a bright, brassy appearance. Another struck a similitude politician and he has been elected to the legislature of the State of New York. A third, a young man of noble lineage, has been elected to the legislature of the State of New York.

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Domestic Land Regulations.
UNDER the Dominion Lands Regulations all surveyed even-numbered sections, excepting 8 and 26, in Manitoba and North-West Territories, which have not been homesteaded, reserved for wood lots for settlers, or otherwise disposed of or reserved, are to be held exclusively for homesteads and pre-emptions.

HOMESTEADS.
Homesteads may be obtained upon payment of an Office Fee of Ten Dollars, and subject to the following conditions as to the residence and cultivation:—
In the "Mile Belt Reserve," that is the even-numbered sections lying within one mile of the Main Line of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and which are not set apart for town sites or reserves made in connection with town sites, railway stations, mounted police posts, mining and other special purposes, the homestead shall begin actual residence upon his homestead within six months from the date of entry; and shall reside upon and make the land his home for at least six months out of every twelve months for three years from the date of entry; and shall within the first year after the date of his homestead entry, break and prepare for crop ten acres of his homestead quarter-section; and shall within the second year crop the said ten acres, and shall break and prepare for crop fifteen acres additional, making twenty-five acres; and within the third year after the date of his homestead entry he shall crop the said twenty-five acres, and break and prepare for crop fifteen acres additional; so that within three years from the date of his homestead entry he shall have not less than twenty-five acres cropped, and fifteen acres additional broken and prepared for crop.

Land, other than that included in Mile Belt Reserve, Site Reserve and Coal and Mineral Districts, may be homesteaded in either of the three following methods:—
1. The homestead shall begin actual residence on his homestead and cultivation of a reasonable portion thereof within six months from date of entry, unless entry shall have been made on or after the 1st day of September, in which case residence and cultivation may be deferred until the 1st day of January following, and continue to live upon and cultivate the land for at least six months out of every twelve months for three years from date of homestead entry.

2. The homestead shall begin actual residence within a radius of two miles of his homestead, and continue to make his home within such radius for at least six months out of every twelve months for the three years next succeeding the date of homestead entry; and shall within the first year from date of entry break and prepare for crop ten acres of his homestead quarter-section; and shall within the second year crop the said ten acres, and break and prepare for crop fifteen acres additional, making twenty-five acres; and within the third year after the date of his homestead entry he shall crop the said twenty-five acres, and break and prepare for crop fifteen acres additional; so that within three years of the date of his homestead entry he shall have not less than twenty-five acres cropped, and fifteen acres additional broken and prepared for crop.

3. The homestead shall commence the cultivation of his homestead within six months from the date of entry, or if the entry was obtained after the 1st day of September in any year, then before the first day of June following; and shall within the first year from date of entry break and prepare for crop ten acres of his homestead quarter-section; and shall within the second year crop the said ten acres, and break and prepare for crop fifteen acres additional, making twenty-five acres; and within the third year after the date of his homestead entry he shall crop the said twenty-five acres, and break and prepare for crop fifteen acres additional; so that within three years of the date of his homestead entry he shall have not less than twenty-five acres cropped, and fifteen acres additional broken and prepared for crop.

At the time of making entry, the homesteader must declare to the land agent under which of the foregoing provisions he elects to hold his land; and on applying for patent must prove that he has made permanent improvements on his land, to the amount of not less than one dollar and fifty cents per acre, (equal to about six shillings sterling).

In the event of a homesteader desiring to secure his patent within a shorter period than the three years provided by law, he will be permitted to purchase his homestead on furnishing proof that he has resided on the land for at least twelve months subsequent to date of homestead entry.

PRE-EMPTIONS.
Any homesteader may at the same time as he makes his homestead entry, but not at a later date, should there be available land adjoining the homestead, enter an additional quarter-section as a pre-emption on payment of an office fee of ten dollars and fifty cents, and shall within the first year from date of entry break and prepare for crop ten acres of his pre-emption quarter-section; and shall within the second year crop the said ten acres, and break and prepare for crop fifteen acres additional, making twenty-five acres; and within the third year after the date of his homestead entry he shall crop the said twenty-five acres, and break and prepare for crop fifteen acres additional; so that within three years of the date of his homestead entry he shall have not less than twenty-five acres cropped, and fifteen acres additional broken and prepared for crop.

The price of pre-emption, not included in the Office Fee, is two dollars and fifty cents per acre. Where land is north of the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and is not within twenty-four miles of any branch of that Railway, or twelve miles of any other Railway, pre-emption may be obtained for two dollars per acre.

INFORMATION.
Full information respecting the land, timber, coal and mineral laws, and copies of the Regulations, may be obtained upon application to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa; the Commissioner of Dominion Lands, Winnipeg, Manitoba; or to any of the Dominion Lands Agents in Manitoba or the North-West Territories.

A. M. BURGESS,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

WEBSTER'S PRACTICAL
Probably all of our readers have occasion to use a dictionary every day. In some cases words cannot be found in the dictionary, and in some cases the definition is difficult to find. Webster's Practical is a dictionary of the English language, and it is the most complete and accurate dictionary of the English language ever published. It contains all the words and phrases that are used in the English language, and it gives the definition of each word and phrase. It is a book that every one should have.

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PATENTS.
Any person who has made an invention, and desires to know whether it is probably new and patentable, can obtain advice concerning the same, free of charge, by writing to MUNN & CO., publishers of THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, 361 Broadway, New York. For the past forty years, Messrs. MUNN & CO. have carried on as a branch of their business, the obtaining of patents. Many of the most important inventions have been patented through their agency. The specifications and drawings for more than one hundred thousand applications for patents have been made through this office. Patents obtained in Canada and all other countries. Handbook about patents sent free.

REFERENCES.
A. daily, B. daily except Tuesday, C. daily except Wednesday, D. daily except Thursday, E. daily except Friday, F. Monday, Wednesday and Fridays, G. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
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TO ADVERTISERS.
As an advertising medium, The Globe has no equal in Canada. Its circulation, which appears at head of its editorial columns daily, is far in advance of all other Canadian papers, and it is the intention of the management to always keep The Globe in the position of the LEADING NEWSPAPER OF CANADA, both in point of circulation and influence.

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In Effect August 14, 1887.

READ DOWN.
GOING EAST.
D 18 00 LV Winnipeg
23 35 SV Port Arthur
E 13 05 AR Port Arthur
GOING WEST.
A 10 25 LV Winnipeg
12 50 SV Port Arthur
15 07 SV Port Arthur
15 20 SV Port Arthur
17 22 SV Port Arthur
18 11 SV Port Arthur
18 47 SV Port Arthur
19 03 SV Port Arthur
19 46 SV Port Arthur
20 17 SV Port Arthur
21 10 SV Port Arthur
21 32 SV Port Arthur
21 53 SV Port Arthur

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Graduate of the Ontario Veterinary College, will be at the Leland House, QU'APPELLE, every alternate Monday, for the purpose of treating the ailments of horses, cattle, etc.

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WORK DONE CHEAP FOR CASH.

Qu'Appelle, April 21st, 1887.

Home & Gossip.

Little Local Links in the Town's Chain of History.

QU'APPELLE.

—Mr. J. W. Smith, of Regina, was in town on Tuesday.

—Mr. W. C. Hamilton, mayor of Regina, was in town this week.

—Division Superintendent Tait of the C. P. R. went east yesterday.

—Mr. E. Hall left on Monday morning for a visit home to England.

—Regular communication of Qu'Appelle Masonic Lodge next Tuesday evening.

—Tenders are invited for setting the poles on the telegraph line from Qu'Appelle to Humboldt.

—The British and Foreign Bible Society depository has been opened at THE PROGRESS store. Bibles from 15 cents up.

—Every man here should make up his mind to vote. Every one who abstains from voting counts one for the other candidate.

—The W. C. T. U. held their regular monthly meeting on Friday afternoon last. Want of time prevents us from giving a full report.

—We sent twice this week after the minutes of the municipal council and could not get them owing to absence from home of the clerk. We are therefore unable to give them.

—Commencing Monday next Mr. A. S. Empey will close his place of business at seven o'clock except Saturday. It is expected that Messrs. S. H. Caswell and J. P. Beauchamp will do the same.

—Mr. Fred A. Hurd, manager of the Hon. J. H. Pope's stock farm, Cookshire, Que., is in town on his return from Kamloops, B.C., where he has just disposed of two carloads of thoroughbred Aberdeen Polled Angus and Hereford cattle.

—Mr. C. C. Bailey is packing up his goods today preparatory to leaving for his former home in Cookshire, Que. All parties having watches or other articles in his shop are requested to call for them at once. All accounts must also be settled immediately.

—Next Wednesday is nomination day. The afternoon would be a good time for holding a public meeting for hearing the views of the candidates. The nomination closes at two o'clock, and arrangements are being made for holding a meeting immediately after, which will be addressed by the candidates. A large crowd is expected.

—At the Leland: A. W. Markley, Calgary; G. Stevens, W. B. Dalton, Winnipeg; W. A. Dixon, Toronto; C. David, Oak Lake; J. W. Smith, J. Morrison, Regina; G. S. Hammond, Chicago; E. A. McKenzie, Fort Polk; G. Goldie, Fort Qu'Appelle; W. R. Bell, D. McLean, J. Glenn, M. McLean, W. R. Boyd, J. H. Bunnell, Indian Head.

—At the Queen's: N. Walsh, G. Fisher, M. Fisher, R. Smith, Fort Qu'Appelle; S. S. Phillips, J. Mowat, W. C. Hamilton, Regina; Rev. A. J. Bell, Harrison; H. W. Brown, Winnipeg; Miss Ridsdale, A. H. Ridsdale and wife, Indian Head; W. St. J. Field, Moose Mountain; F. F. Platt, Medicine Hat; S. R. Sherlock, E. Birbeck, Moose Jaw.

—The Winnipeg Sun will issue early in July a magnificent illustrated midsummer holiday number of 44 pages. It will contain besides a large amount of attractive letterpress, views of various points of interest in the country extending from Port Arthur to the Rocky Mountains. A page will be devoted to Qu'Appelle of which there will be several illustrations. Single copies may be ordered at this office, price 25 cents.

—The nomination of candidates for the representation of South Qu'Appelle in the Northwest Legislature will be held in McLane's hall, on Wednesday, the 20th inst. Mr. George B. Murphy is the returning officer and Mr. A. C. Paterson election clerk. The polling will take place on Wednesday, the 27th inst. The district will be divided into four polling divisions with four polling places. An elector in the district may vote at any polling division that will be most convenient for him.

—On Friday evening last a game of baseball was played between the first and second nines of the club. At the end of six innings each the score stood in favor of the second nine, 24 to 6. In the third innings Mr. J. C. Macchesney was struck in the eye by a foul ball and had to leave the ground. Another game was played on Tuesday evening, which in six innings resulted in favor of the first nine by 25 and one to go out to 24. The third game will be played tomorrow, (Friday) evening, and will likely be a very interesting one.

Correspondence.

To the Editor of the Progress.

SIR,—On looking over the columns of THE PROGRESS I noticed that you did not say anything about the way you and other Qu'Appelle men were treated at what was called a public meeting at Indian Head on the 2nd inst. I am a resident of the Indian Head municipality, and I was personally invited to be present at the meeting held at Qu'Appelle to nominate a candidate for the Legislature, and I know of others from this municipality that attended without invitation other than the printed notices sent out. They were treated as if they had a right to be there. That was gentlemanly conduct on the part of your people. I wish I could say as much for the people of Indian Head, but their treatment of you and the other gentlemen was very discourteous. If people are doing a right thing they ought not to be afraid of their neighbors knowing it, and it looks suspicious when meetings are held from which a representative of the press is excluded, especially when he has come ten miles to be there. I cannot understand why Indian Head people are so jealous of Qu'Appelle. When I go to Indian Head to do business I hear a great deal about Troy (as they call it) doing this and that and a general sectional feeling given vent to. I never hear anything like that at Qu'Appelle about Indian Head. When Mr. Crawford was elected to the Northwest Council it was Qu'Appelle votes that put him in, and it seems to me that when they could not agree to nominate Mr. Crawford or Mr. Brooks they ought to have taken up another Qu'Appelle man and elected him. As it is the western man will get in, and Indian Head people from the way they have acted will have no claim on him.

Yours, etc.,

SUBSCRIBER.

[THE PROGRESS heartily deprecates the sectional feeling referred to by the above correspondent, and has always tried to give Indian Head every possible benefit in its columns. Desiring to be friendly with Indian Head we did not say anything respecting the matter referred to by "Subscriber." THE PROGRESS is not published alone for Qu'Appelle, and its publisher is desirous of every town in Assiniboia using its columns for the promotion of their interests.—Ed.]

JUST THE THING.

What Led a Louisville Gentleman to Wish He Were Dead.

[Evansville Argus.]

A dude from Louisville wanted to go off and die at Huntington the other day. He was one of the slimmest of the slim, and his long legs, encased in very tight pants, didn't look as if they could cast a shadow.

As everybody knows, the Louisville train stops at Huntington, and the passengers often get out and "stretch their legs." The dude didn't have to stretch his legs, but got out for a little exercise.

Now, Huntington has some well posted people, but also some of the worst country specimens we ever saw.

As the dude was walking up and down he noticed that two very rough-looking country hunters, each with an old shotgun, were watching him, and he became rather nervous, and just as he was starting back into the car one of them stepped up and the following conversation ensued:

"Say, mister, I don't want to ax too much, but does them hurt you?"

"Does what hurt me, sah?"

"Why, them thin pants?"

"No, sah, they don't hurt, but—just, as you seem to like them so much, I'd much like to know why you took such a fancy to them?"

"Wall, stranger, now honest, we thought they hurt ye, and allowed moidie ye had another pair, and would give us these, or we wouldn't a-said a word. We axes yer pardon."

"Well, I don't know what all that means, but me and Bill was a-watching you, and allowed from the way ye walked they hurt ye, and as they were just what we wanted, we allowed we'd ax you for 'em."

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RELIGIOUS AND EDUCATIONAL.

—The present senior class at Harvard College is the largest ever graduated at that institution or at any other American college.—Boston Post.

—Rev. Dr. Dooms tells his congregation to go to sleep if they feel sleepy in church; that both he and the Lord will forgive them, but that they must sleep quietly.—N. Y. Herald.

—Thanks to the liberality of a Philadelphia lady, a beautiful little Episcopal Church has been erected by the "sea waves" at Spring Lake Beach, N. J.—Newark Register.

—The wife of Bishop Warren has given to the University of Denver \$100,000 to establish the ill school of divinity. The lady will be remembered as the widow of a cattle king.—Denver Tribune.

—There are sixty Catholic churches in Montreal. The French cathedral situated there is the largest church building on this continent. It is built of limestone, and 15,000 people have often been assembled under its roof.—Montreal Witness.

—A committee has been appointed by the Philadelphia Board of City Trusts to expunge from the Girard College records the entry of expulsion against the boys who ran away from the institution to enlist in the army and honorably served in the rebellion.—Philadelphia Press.

—The Indian school at Carlisle, Pa., now has 450 pupils—225 boys and 225 girls. Sixty half of these work on the farm, and the rest in the shops. A lot of things manufactured there were sent to the Rosebud agency, including seven good, solid wagons, two for the agency and five for chiefs.—Pittsburgh Post.

—I hear men say: "Ah! you are taking a collection to-day for foreign missionaries; what are you church folks doing in such and such a neighborhood?" Now, I have taken notice that the man who went to give to foreign missions generally went to give to home missions. They are the men who are always quoting, "Charity begins at home," and with them it always stays at home.—Henry Ward Beecher.

—There are three churches in Naples where the Gospel is preached in English, viz.: the Church of England Chapel, the Presbyterian Chapel and the Wesleyan Chapel. All three are fine edifices, and are situated in the part of the city where foreigners "most do congregate." The services of the Church of England and of the Presbyterians have the largest attendance of English-speaking hearers, while the Wesleyans have a larger audience of Italian Protestants at their second service than at the one where the preaching is in English.

A Disastrous Ride.